

International Shares Fund

Interim Financial Report for the period ended 31 December 2024



International Shares Fund

ARSN 124 861 338

Interim Financial Report For the half-year ended 31 December 2024

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The Directors of Australian Ethical Investment Limited, the "Responsible Entity" of the Australian Ethical International Shares Fund (the Scheme) present the directors' report together with the financial statements and notes to the financial statements of the Scheme for the half-year ended 31 December 2024 and the accompanying independent auditor's report.

RESPONSIBLE ENTITY

Australian Ethical Investment Limited (ABN 47 003 188 930) serves as the Responsible Entity for the Scheme.

The following persons were Directors of Australian Ethical Investment Limited (AEIL) during the period under review and up to the date of this report unless otherwise indicated:

Steve Gibbs (Chair)
John McMurdo (Managing Director and CEO)
Julie Orr
Kate Greenhill
Mara Bun (retired 31 October 2024)
Richard Brandweiner (appointed 1 September 2024)
Sandra McCullagh

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND STATE OF AFFAIRS

The principal activity of the Scheme is to pool investors' savings to invest in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the current Product Disclosure Statement and within the provisions of the Scheme's Constitution. The Scheme invests in a diversified protfolio of international shares. Investments are sought to pursue the goal of a just and sustainable society and the protection of the natural environment as well as providing unitholders (the Scheme's investors) with a competitive financial return.

During the period, the Scheme received a \$69.3m redemption request from a related party entity. The redemption was fully offset by a \$69.3m application from a separate related party entity. The units for the redemption and application were processed via an in-specie transfer and are not reflected in the Statement of Cashflows. These transactions were made within the Scheme to meet the asset allocation requirements of the related party entities.

With effect from 1 November 2024 custody of the Schemes assets and provision of administration services was transitioned from NAB Asset Servicing (NAS) to State Street Australia Limited (SSAL). This change was made due to NAS' decision to exit the custody business with SSAL appointed as custodian by the Responsible Entity following a thorough selection process and extensive due diligence.

There were no other significant changes in the nature of the Scheme's principal activities during the period and there were no significant changes in the Scheme's state of affairs, except those highlighted in the review of operations.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

For the six months ending December 2024, growth asset markets delivered strong performance, particularly in the US, despite ongoing macroeconomic and geopolitical uncertainties. Equity markets closed the year near all-time highs, supported by monetary policy easing, optimism around Al-driven themes, and expectations of regulatory and tax reforms under US President Trump's administration.

Inflation moderated from pandemic-induced peaks but remained above central bank targets in both the US and Australia. The US Federal Reserve initiated an easing cycle in September, boosting rate-sensitive sectors such as financials and technology and pushing equity indices closer to record levels by year-end.

Australian equities also performed well but trailed international benchmarks. The resource sector faced continued headwinds from China's economic slowdown, despite aggressive policy measures aimed at bolstering liquidity and providing direct equity support. While the sector rebounded from its yearly lows, it still underperformed the broader market, contributing to relative outperformance.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

Globally, many central banks, including those in the US, Europe, and China, began easing cycles to transition away from restrictive monetary policies or aid weakening growth. However, persistent inflation and strong US GDP growth dampened initial optimism for significant US rate cuts. By year-end, the Reserve Bank of Australia (RBA) which had remained on hold, was expected to initiate rate cuts in early 2025, following Australia's slowest GDP growth readings in decades.

The Federal Reserve's September rate cut resulted in the un-inversion of the US yield curve, with long-term rates rising due to inflation and fiscal concerns. US 10-year Treasury yields ended the year near one-year highs, underscoring a key risk for 2025: the challenge central banks face in managing long-term rates amid elevated sovereign debt levels and growing fiscal deficits.

Overview

The investments of the Scheme are consistent with those set out in the Scheme's Product Disclosure Statement dated 1 October 2024.

Results

Total return is the percentage change of a unitholder's financial interest in the Scheme assuming all distributions are reinvested in the Scheme. These returns are calculated in accordance with FSC Guidance Note 46 Product Performance - Calculation of Returns. The Scheme achieved the following total returns for the half year:

- Retail class 14.53% (December 2023: 5.70%); and
- Wholesale class 14.76% (December 2023: 5.91%).

The wholesale class generated a return of 14.76% compared to the benchmark which returned 14.70% in the six months ended 31 December 2024.

During the period, global equity markets posted continual strength in the six months ending in December, with the MSCI World Ex Australia Index rising by more than 14.7% and achieving record highs. Markets were resilient with any sell-offs shallow and short-lived. In September, the US Federal Reserve delivered a 0.50% cut (the first cut since March 2020). This was followed by two more 0.25% cuts in November and December. In November, Donald Trump won the US election which triggered an equity market rally.

The Scheme was slightly ahead of index performance for the period with returns primarily driven by the Financials and Technology sectors.

From a global style perspective, momentum has been the key driver of equity gains. Despite expectations for a small cap resurgence, large caps outperformed in the period. Growth outperformed value as the Technology sector outpaced the broader market with AI mania continuing to be a dominant theme.

The Scheme seeks to provide long-term growth through investment in listed international companies that meet the Australian Ethical Charter. The recommended minimum investment timeframe is 7 years.

Distributions paid and/or payable

Distributions paid and/or payable by the Scheme during the period are shown in the accompanying Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

As per Note 2 the interim distributions of \$15,122,905 (December 2023: \$15,464,166) were as follows:

- Retail class of 0.47 (December 2023: 0.36) cents per unit;
- Wholesale class of 0.77 (December 2023: 0.72) cents per unit; and
- Zero class of 1.43 (December 2023: 1.22) cents per unit.

The prior year final distribution of \$60,424,439 was paid in July 2024.

Net assets

The value of the Scheme's net assets attributable to unitholders as at 31 December 2024 was \$2,360m (30 June 2024: \$2,450m).

Fees

Responsible Entity fees charged during the period were as follows:

- 0.99% p.a. for the retail class (December 2023: 0.99%);
- 0.59% p.a. for the wholesale class (December 2023: 0.59%); and
- Nil for the zero class (December 2023: Nil).

INDEMNITIES AND INSURANCE PREMIUMS FOR THE RESPONSIBLE ENTITY AND AUDITOR

No insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Scheme for insurance cover provided to the Responsible Entity, its officers or auditor of the Scheme. Where the Responsible Entity acts in accordance with the Scheme's Constitution and the law, it is generally entitled to an indemnity out of the assets of the Scheme against losses incurred while acting on behalf of the Scheme. The auditor of the Scheme is not indemnified out of the assets of the Scheme.

ROUNDING OF AMOUNTS

The Scheme is of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations Instrument 2016/191, issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission, relating to 'rounding off'. Amounts in this report have been rounded off in accordance with that Corporations' Instrument to the nearest thousand dollars, or in certain cases, the nearest dollar.

AUDITOR'S DECLARATION

The auditor's independence declaration is included in this report and forms part of the directors' report for the half-year ended 31 December 2024.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors of Australian Ethical Investment Limited.

John McMurdo Managing Director

Australian Ethical Investment Limited

24 February 2025



Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To the Directors of Australian Ethical Investment Limited, the Responsible Entity for the Australian Ethical International Shares Fund

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the review of Australian Ethical International Shares Fund for the half-year ended 31 December 2024 there have been:

- i. no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the review; and
- ii. no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the review.

ILPMG KPMG

Andrew Reeves

Partner

Sydney

24 February 2025

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

	Note	31 December 2024 \$'000	31 December 2023 \$'000
Investment income			
Interest		134	173
Dividends		13,773	17,032
Net change in fair value of financial assets	3	321,554	115,818
Other income		200	11
Net investment income/(loss)		335,661	133,034
Operating expenses			
Management fees		407	321
Transaction costs		217	198
Operating expenses before finance costs		624	519
Profit/(loss) from operating activities		335,037	132,515
Finance costs			
Distributions paid and payable to unitholders of the Scheme	2	(15,123)	(15,464)
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders (total comprehensive income)	5	319,914	117,051

The above statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Financial Position

	Note	31 December 2024 \$'000	30 June 2024 \$'000
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		8,469	8,191
Receivables		4,428	5,875
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	6	2,362,100	2,496,526
Total assets		2,374,997	2,510,592
Liabilities			
Payables		33	20
Distributions payable	2	15,123	60,424
Total liabilities		15,15 <u>6</u>	60,444
Net assets attributable to unitholders	5	2,359,841	2,450,148

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Changes in Equity

The Scheme's net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a liability under AASB 132 'Financial Instruments: Presentation'. As such the Scheme has no equity and no items of changes in equity at the start and end of the period.

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Cash Flows

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities	,	,
Interest received	134	173
Dividends received	15,088	17,371
Other income received	332	11
Management fees paid	(394)	(320)
Transaction costs paid	(217)	(200)
Net cash provided by operating activities	14,943	17,035
Cash flows from investing activities		
Proceeds from sale of investments	580,649	120,247
Purchase of investments	(124,672)	(153,146)
Net cash used in investing activities	455,977	(32,899)
Net cash used in investing activities	455,911	(32,099)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from issue of units	66,167	144,962
Payments for redemption of units	(535,522)	(120,892)
Distributions paid to unitholders	(1,290)	(790)
Net cash provided by financing activities	(470,645)	23,280
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	275	7,416
Effect of exchange rate changes on the balances of foreign currencies	3	1
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 July	8,191	5,015
Cash and cash equivalent at 31 December	8,469	12,432

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

1 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

REPORTING ENTITY

The Australian Ethical International Shares Fund (the Scheme), a for-profit entity, is a registered managed investment scheme under the Corporations Act 2001. The Scheme was constituted on 23 April 2007 and will terminate on 22 April 2087 unless terminated earlier in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme's Constitution. The Scheme is domiciled in Australia. The financial statements of the Scheme are for the half-year ended 31 December 2024.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (AASBs) adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the Corporations Act 2001. The financial statements of the Scheme comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) and interpretations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements are presented in Australian dollars which is the functional currency and are prepared on a fair value basis with financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss and derivatives which are measured at fair value, except for receivables and payables which are measured at cost.

The material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

The Statement of Financial Position is prepared on a liquidity basis. All balances including investments are readily converted to cash.

This interim financial report is a general-purpose financial report which has been prepared in accordance with AASB 134 Interim Financial Reporting and the Corporations Act 2001. Compliance with AASB 134 ensures compliance with International Financial Reporting Standard IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting. The interim financial report covers Australian Ethical International Shares Fund (the Scheme) as an individual entity. The Responsible Entity of the Scheme is Australian Ethical Investment Limited (the Responsible Entity). The registered office is Boardroom Pty Limited, Level 8, 210 George Street, Sydney, NSW, 2000. The interim financial report is presented in Australian dollars, which is the Scheme's functional currency.

Selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are material to an understanding of the changes in financial position and performance of the Scheme since the last annual financial statements as at and for the year ended 30 June 2024. The interim financial report does not include all of the information required for full annual financial reports and should be read in conjunction with the annual financial report of the Scheme as at and for the year ended 30 June 2024, and any public announcements made in respect of the Scheme during the reporting period in accordance with continuous disclosure requirements of the Corporations Act 2001.

ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgement in applying the Scheme's accounting policies.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Scheme and are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Scheme has assets listed on exchanges in foreign countries. These are predominantly in the United States, Japan, Canada, UK and Europe. Global equity markets continued to experience strong returns, due to a combination of resilient economic conditions and earnings momentum in technology and Artificial Intelligence related exposures. During the period, the Scheme's international equities benchmark gained almost 15%.

1 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In accordance with the investment mandate, the Scheme may invest in derivative financial instruments to gain or hedge exposure to equities, interest rates or foreign currencies. Derivative financial instruments are recognised initially at cost. After initial recognition, derivative financial instruments are stated at fair value. The gain or loss on remeasurement to fair value is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income. At balance date, the Scheme held forward foreign exchange contracts.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents comprise deposits with banks and highly liquid financial assets with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in their fair value. Cash and cash equivalents are used by the Scheme in the management of short-term commitments.

FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT PRINCIPLES

Financial instruments comprise financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss, receivables, cash and cash equivalents, payables, and distributions payable.

The Scheme can invest into a diversified portfolio of international shares. Generally, valuation information is obtained from third-party industry standard service providers to ensure that the most recent security prices are obtained. The prices used to value investments include, but are not limited to:

- · independent prices obtained for each security; and
- · quoted market prices on securities.

For certain investments, prices cannot be obtained from the above sources. In these instances, valuations obtained from service providers are estimated using valuation models which are consistent with accepted industry practice and incorporate the best available information regarding assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the assets or liabilities. Irrespective of the method used by third-party industry standard service providers to obtain valuations, prices achieved in actual transactions may be different.

The Scheme's assets are measured at fair value in accordance with AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement. The fair value of financial assets traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs. The quoted market prices used for the fair value measurement are last traded prices and is the same price used in the unit pricing process.

The fair value measurement of financial assets for the comparative period was previously based on quoted market bid prices, being the price a market participant would pay to buy the asset and is different to the price used in the unit pricing process which is the last sale price.

Accordingly, the Scheme has elected to re-present the applicable comparative period values. The restatement is to ensure comparability to the current period.

The reclassification allocates the adjustment arising from different unit pricing and accounting valuations to Financial assets held at fair value though profit and loss and Net change in fair value of financial assets. The reclassification has also been captured within Note 3, Note 5 and Note 6.

Classification

On initial recognition a financial asset is classified as measured at amortised cost, fair value through profit or loss, or fair value through other comprehensive income. Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortised cost or fair value through profit or loss.

1 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Recognition and initial measurement

A financial instrument is recognised when the Scheme becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Purchases and sales of financial assets are accounted for at trade date (i.e. the date the Scheme commits itself to purchase or sell the asset).

Measurement

After initial recognition, all instruments classified at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with changes in their fair value recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income. All other financial instruments are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less any recognised impairment.

Financial liabilities arising from redeemable units issued by the Scheme are carried at the redemption amount representing the unitholders' rights to the residual interest in the Scheme's assets, effectively the fair value at the reporting date.

Derecognition

The Scheme derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred, or in which the Scheme neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset (or the carrying amount allocated to the portion of the asset that is derecognised) and the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) is recognised in profit or loss. Any interest in such transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Scheme is recognised as a separate asset or liability. The Scheme derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expire.

Impairment of financial assets held at amortised cost

AASB 9 requires an 'expected credit loss' model to apply to financial assets measured at amortised cost, contract assets and debt instruments, but not equity instruments held at fair value through profit or loss. The financial assets at amortised cost consists of trade receivables and cash and cash equivalents.

STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ON ISSUE NOT YET ADOPTED

Management have assessed there are no new accounting standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the period beginning 1 July 2024 that would be expected to have a material impact on the Scheme.

2 DISTRIBUTIONS PAID AND PAYABLE

	31 December 2024 \$'000	31 December 2023 \$'000
Distributions payable	15,123	15,464

The Scheme's interim distributions for the period were as follows:

- Retail class of 0.47 (December 2023: 0.36) cents per unit;
- Wholesale class of 0.77 (December 2023: 0.72) cents per unit; and
- Zero class of 1.43 (December 2023: 1.22) cents per unit.

The prior year final distribution of \$60,424,439 was paid in July 2024.

3 NET CHANGE IN FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

	31 December 2024 \$'000	31 December 2023 \$'000
Unrealised gain/(loss) arising on financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	23,423	151,103
Realised gain/(loss) arising on the disposal of investments	158,378	4,723
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates	139,753	(40,008)
Net change in fair value of financial assets	321,554	115,818

4 ISSUED UNITS

Each unit represents a right to an individual share in the Scheme per the Constitution. Zero class units are issued to other schemes managed by the Responsible Entity and the Australian Ethical Retail Superannuation Fund (AERSF) and are not charged a Responsible Entity fee. All rights attached to zero class units are the same as those of the other classes.

	31 December 2024 Units	31 December 2023 Units
Retail class		
On issue at beginning of period	3,347,423	3,724,625
Issued	487,416	554,234
Reclassified to wholesale class	(649,196)	(508,324)
Redeemed	(188,998)	(188,805)
On issue at period end	2,996,645	3,581,730
Wholesale class		
On issue at beginning of period	62,025,845	57,952,260
Issued	4,605,942	6,683,878
Reclassified from retail class	644,142	504,418
Redeemed	(3,478,244)	(4,250,658)
On issue at period end	63,797,685	60,889,898
Zero class		
On issue at beginning of period	1,225,467,232	1,193,078,171
Issued	94,611,493	145,335,087
Redeemed	(299,448,002)	(107,274,525)
On issue at period end	1,020,630,723	1,231,138,732

5 NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

The Scheme manages its net assets attributable to unitholders as capital, notwithstanding net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a liability. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly daily as the Scheme is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders. Applications and redemptions are reviewed relative to the liquidity of the Scheme's underlying assets on a daily basis by the Responsible Entity. Under the terms of the Scheme's Constitution, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer a redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interest of the unitholders.

The objective of the Scheme is to provide unitholders with returns in accordance with the Product Disclosure Statement. The Scheme aims to deliver income and capital appreciation through investing in international companies.

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Opening balance	2,450,148	2,065,528
Issued	135,467	212,258
Distributions reinvested	59,134	43,187
Redeemed	(604,822)	(188,188)
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders	319,914	117,051
Net assets attributable to unitholders	2,359,841	2,249,836

6 FAIR VALUES

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured after initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

Level 1: Using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Derived from inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: Derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that is not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). This category includes instruments valued using quoted prices in active markets for similar instruments, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are considered less than active or other valuation techniques.

31 December 2024	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Designated at fair value through profit or loss Derivatives Equity securities Total	2,362,102 2,362,102	(2) (2)	- - -	(2) 2,362,102 2,362,100
30 June 2024	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Designated at fair value through profit or loss Equity securities Total	2,496,526 2,496,526	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	2,496,526 2,496,526

The Scheme does not hold any Level 3 assets. During the period there were no transfers between levels.

Carrying amounts versus fair value

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities approximates their carrying amounts in the Statement of Financial Position.

7 CONTINGENCIES

There are no contingent assets or liabilities as at 31 December 2024 (30 June 2024: Nil).

8 EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

As the investments in the Scheme are measured at their 31 December 2024 fair values in the financial report, any volatility in values after the balance date is not reflected in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income or the Statement of Financial Position. However, the current value of investments is reflected in the current unit price.

During the period between 31 December 2024 and the date of this report, there were no items, transactions, or events of a material and unusual nature likely in the opinion of the Responsible Entity, to significantly affect the operations of the Scheme, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Scheme in future financial periods.

Directors' Declaration

In the opinion of the Directors of Australian Ethical Investment Limited, the Responsible Entity of the Australian Ethical International Shares Fund (the Scheme):

- (a) The financial statements and notes to the financial statements that are set out in this report are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) Giving a true and fair view of the Scheme's financial position as at 31 December 2024 and of its performance for the six-month period ended on that date; and
 - (ii) Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and Corporations Regulations 2001;
- (b) There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Scheme will be able to pay its debts when they become due and payable; and
- (c) The Scheme has operated during the half-year ended 31 December 2024 in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme's Constitution.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors of Australian Ethical Investment Limited.

John McMurdo Managing Director

Australian Ethical Investment Limited

24 February 2025



Independent Auditor's Review Report

To the unitholders of Australian Ethical International Shares Fund

Conclusion

We have reviewed the accompanying *Interim Financial Report* of Australian Ethical International Shares Fund (the Scheme).

Based on our review, which is not an audit, we have not become aware of any matter that makes us believe that the Interim Financial Report of Australian Ethical International Shares Fund does not comply with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- giving a true and fair view of the Scheme's financial position as at 31 December 2024 and of its performance for the Interim Period ended on that date; and
- complying with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 134 Interim Financial Reporting and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

The *Interim Financial Report* comprises:

- Statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024;
- Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the Interim Period ended on that date;
- Statement of changes in equity and Statement of cash flows for the Interim Period ended on that date;
- Notes 1 to 8 comprising material accounting policies and other explanatory information; and
- The Directors' Declaration.

The *Interim Period* is the 6 months ended on 31 December 2024.

Basis for Conclusion

We conducted our review in accordance with ASRE 2410 Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity. Our responsibilities are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Review of the Financial Report section of our report.

We are independent of the Scheme and Australian Ethical Investment Limited, the Responsible Entity of the Scheme in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the *Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.



Responsibilities of the Directors for the Interim Financial Report

The Directors of Australian Ethical Investment Limited are responsible for:

- the preparation of the Interim Financial Report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001; and
- for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the Interim Financial Report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility for the review of Interim Financial Report

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the Interim Financial Report based on our review. ASRE 2410 requires us to conclude whether we have become aware of any matter that makes us believe that the Interim Financial Report does not comply with the Corporations Act 2001 including giving a true and fair view of the Scheme's financial position as at 31 December 2024 and its performance for the Interim Period ended on that date, and complying with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 134 Interim Financial Reporting and the Corporations Regulations 2001. As auditor of Australian Ethical International Shares Fund, ASRE 2410 requires that we comply with the ethical requirements relevant to the audit of the annual financial report.

A review of an Interim Financial Report consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards* and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

KPMG

Andrew Reeves Partner KPMG Sydney 24 February 2025